

June 22, 2026

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Ms. Shelley Short
President & CEO – Arkadelphia Regional Economic Development Alliance & Area Chamber of Commerce
CEO – Economic Development Corporation of Clark County, Arkansas
201 North 26th Street
Arkadelphia, AR 71923

RE: Section 404 Delineation – Transmittal Cover Letter
CCIC – HWY 67 Site – Gum Springs, Clark County, Arkansas
ECCI Project # 5213-3004

Dear Ms. Short:

Please find enclosed the Section 404 delineation report for the CCIC – Hwy 67 Site project.

During the delineation, ECCI observed five wetland features (11.63 acres), one ephemeral channel (188 linear feet), two intermittent channels (415 linear feet), and two relatively permanent water (RPW) channels (453 linear feet).

Federal jurisdiction over surface waters is determined according to the pre-2015 regulatory regime, consistent with the Supreme Court’s decision in *Sackett v. EPA* (No. 21-454: May 25, 2023) and subsequent *Memorandum to the Field Between the U.S. Department of the Army, U.S. Army Corp of Engineers, and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Concerning the Proper Implementation of “Continuous Surface connection” Under the Definition of “Waters of the United States” Under the Clean Water Act* (March 12, 2025).

The onsite wetland areas, intermittent channels, and RPW channels appear to have a continuous surface hydrologic connection to a downstream regulated water, i.e., Waggle Creek and ultimately to the Ouachita River, a Traditionally Navigable Water (TNW).

Based on the Section 404 delineation and in light of the most recent information regarding jurisdiction issued by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) / Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), it is the opinion of ECCI that the observed onsite wetland areas, intermittent channels, and RPW channels will likely be considered jurisdictional under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA). Projects impacting aquatic features that are jurisdictional under Section 404 of the CWA require authorization from the USACE Regulatory Division. This



jurisdictional assessment is based on feature classification and the continuity of waters of the United States extending from this onsite aquatic feature to a TNW.

The observed ephemeral channel, based on its feature type, does not appear to meet the criteria necessary for classification as a water of the United States.

Based on the Section 404 delineation and in light of the most recent information regarding jurisdiction issued by the USACE / EPA, it is the opinion of ECCI that the ephemeral channel will likely not be considered jurisdictional under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA). Projects impacting aquatic features that are not jurisdictional under Section 404 of the CWA generally do not require authorization from the USACE Regulatory Division. This jurisdictional assessment is based on the feature type.

These findings are offered based on our best professional judgement and recent informal discussions with USACE personnel. We offer our comments with regard to onsite features having the potential for USACE regulation under Section 404 of the CWA. However, until approved by the USACE, the information provided is considered unofficial. The USACE allows consultants to prepare information for submittal to the USACE for approval, but only the USACE can make official decisions with regard to jurisdiction of aquatic features under Section 404 of the CWA. Therefore, if an official decision regarding jurisdiction is desired, the enclosed delineation report may be provided to the USACE with a request for an Approved Jurisdictional Determination.

We thank you for the opportunity to provide information regarding your project. If you have any questions or need additional information regarding our findings presented in the delineation report, please do not hesitate to contact me or Lisa Willis at 501-975-8100.

Respectfully submitted,
ECCI

Jimmy Rogers
Project Manager

enclosure



**SECTION 404 DELINEATION
EDCCC – CCIC – HWY 67 SITE
CLARK COUNTY, ARKANSAS**

JUNE 16, 2026

Prepared for:
**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION OF CLARK COUNTY, ARKANSAS
ATTN: SHELLEY SHORT
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Prepared by:



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ECCI Project No. 5213-3004

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ATTACHMENT A:	Sampling Point Data Sheets
ATTACHMENT B:	Representative Photos
ATTACHMENT C:	Reference Maps

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Economic Development Corporation of Clark County, Arkansas contracted with Engineering Compliance and Construction, Inc. (ECCI) of Little Rock, Arkansas, to delineate Section 404 wetlands and other waters of the United States (WOTUS) within the proposed project area of approximately 44 acres. The project area is located immediately northeast of the intersection of Highways 67 and McClellan Blvd. in Gum Springs, Clark County, Arkansas (Figure 1). The area of the delineation is mapped on the USGS *The National Map* Topo basemap for quadrangle Arkadelphia, AR (7.5-minute series) (Figures 2 and 3). The project area is located in part of the southwestern ¼ of Section 12, Township 8 South, Range 20 West. Approximate central coordinates of the project area are 34.05240°N, -93.09728°W.

2.0 MATERIALS AND METHODS

ECCI conducted a Level 3, routine wetland delineation as described in the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) *Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual* (Environmental Laboratory 1987). Field investigations for the delineation were conducted during May 2026. ECCI evaluated the area of the delineation for potential Section 404 jurisdictional areas, i.e., wetlands and other WOTUS, and complied with the USACE 1987 Manual and *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region Version 2.0* (Engineer Research and Development Center 2010).

Sampling point locations were selected to evaluate areas appearing to have at least some potential for USACE regulation under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA), and to evaluate the project area for the purpose of collecting data regarding vegetative community type(s). Thirteen (13) sampling point locations were established within the project area; data were collected on vegetation, hydrology, and soils at each location (Table 1.2; Figures 3 and 4; Attachment A).

The *Keys to the Flora of Arkansas* (Smith 1994) was used to confirm certain plant identifications and the *USACE Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory's Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Regional Wetland Plant List* (2022) was used to determine wetland indicator status for the dominant species. Soil pits were dug with a sharpshooter shovel to a depth of approximately 16 to 18 inches, where possible, and soil colors were determined with the aid of Munsell color charts. Soil survey data from the Natural Resources Conservation Service's (NRCS) *Web Soil Survey* (2019) were used to determine the map units for the area. Also, the NRCS (Soil Data Access) *Clark County, Arkansas Hydric Soils Map List and Map Units with Hydric Inclusions* was used to assist in the selection of sampling points appearing to have a potential for the occurrence of hydric soils.

A smartphone using ARCGIS collector paired with a Geode GPS with sub-meter accuracy was used for marking sampling site locations and potential Section 404 feature boundaries.

3.0 FINDINGS AND RESULTS

3.1 General Site Description

Topography of the project area is generally gently sloping toward the southeast. Seven primary plant communities were observed within the project area, as described in Section 3.2.1 below. Five wetlands, five stream channel reaches, and no other aquatic features were observed within the project area. Figures 1 through 4 provide maps of the project area. Attachment A provides completed sampling point data sheets. Attachment B provides representative photos of the project area. Attachment C provides various reference maps of the project area.

Historic aerial images indicate that the delineation area was primarily maintained as herbaceous (likely for agricultural use), with select forested areas, and one pond, in the earliest images reviewed, i.e., 1956, 1957, and 1958. By 1968, the forested areas had been cleared and drainageways are readily visible. By 1983, areas that are currently forested were no longer maintained and in the process of succession. One area in the east-central portion of the site was maintained as of 2013 but has since been left to succession and is currently dominated by a sapling/shrub vegetative stratum. The site appears largely similar today, in terms of land use and vegetative coverage, as it was in 2015.

3.2 Wetlands

ECCI observed five wetland features, i.e., WET-HWY67-A, WET-HWY67-B, WET-HWY67-C1, WET-HWY67-C2, and WET-HWY67-D, totaling 11.63 acres, that meet the technical criteria for classification as wetlands (Figures 3 and 4; Attachment B, Photos 8-15). WET-HWY67-A and WET-HWY67-B are associated with a natural drainageway flowing from the north-central portion of the project area. WET-HWY67-C1 and WET-HWY67-C2 are associated with the natural drainageway flowing from the north-central portion of the project area, as well as a natural drainageway from the west. Descriptions of each observed wetland are provided below. Table 1 provides a summary of observed wetland features.

WET-HWY67-A is a forested linear drainageway wetland located in the north-central portion of the project area. WET-HWY67-A is part of a larger wetland/drainage system that

flows onto the site from the north. WET-HWY67-A drains to an onsite intermittent channel (INT-HWY67-1).

WET-HWY67-B is part of a man-made former pond feature. It appears that over time, this likely agricultural pond was abandoned and the pond berm has been breached (either intentionally or through erosion). The breaching of the pond berm has led to a lower sustained water level and has allowed wetland conditions to occur in the areas. Drainage enters WET-HWY67-B from the north via an onsite intermittent channel (INT-HWY67-1) and drains south to another onsite wetland (WET-HWY67-C1).

WET-HWY67-C1 is part of a natural drainageway area and represents a wetland complex consisting of both forested areas of various inundation frequencies and permanently inundated forested/shrub/open-water areas. Drainage enters WET-HWY67-C1 from the north via a natural drainageway that flows through WET-HWY67-B, a drainageway from the west that conveys flow via a relatively permanent water (RPW) channel (RPW-HWY67-1), and another drainageway from the north that conveys flow via an RPW channel (RPW-HWY-67-2). WET-HWY67-C1 drains southeast to an offsite mapped tributary.

WET-HWY67-C2 is at the edge of a row-crop agricultural field. WET-HWY67-C2 was observed to be inundated, with little survival of the current year's cultivated crop. WET-HWY67-C2 abuts and drains to WET-HWY67-C1.

WET-HWY67-D is a forested depressional area along a natural drainageway. WET-HWY67-D receives flow from an ephemeral channel (EPH-HWY67-1) to the north and drains south to an intermittent channel (INT-HWY67-2).

Table 1. Summary of Wetland Features

Wetland ID	Wetland Vegetative Type	Acreage (acres onsite)	Photo #'s
WET-HWY67-A	Forested Drainageway	0.23	8
WET-HWY67-B	Forested / Shrub (former pond)	1.65	9
WET-HWY67-C1	Forested / Shrub / Open-water	9.26	10-13
WET-HWY67-C2	Row-Crop Agricultural Field	0.41	14
WET-HWY67-D	Forested Drainageway	0.08	15

3.2.1 Vegetation

The project area consists of seven primary vegetation communities, i.e., a row-crop agricultural upland community, a mid-successional non-wetland community, a bottomland forested non-wetland community, row-crop agricultural field wetland community, a forested drainageway wetland community, a former pond wetland community, and a bottomland forested/shrub/open-water wetland community.

The row-crop agricultural upland community was observed to be dominated by soybean (*Glycine max*) (Attachment B, Photos 3 and 4).

The mid-successional non-wetland community, located in the northeastern portion of the project area, was observed to be dominated by common persimmon (*Diospyros virginiana*), green ash (*Fraxinus pennsylvanica*), honey-locust (*Gleditsia triacanthos*), Chinese bushclover (*Lespedeza cuneata*), winter bentgrass (*Agrostis hyemalis*), Japanese chess (*Bromus japonicus*), tall goldenrod (*Solidago altissima*), saw greenbrier (*Smilax bona-nox*), and southern dewberry (*Rubus trivialis*) (Attachment B, Photos 5 and 6).

The bottomland forested non-wetland community, located in various areas within the project area, was observed to be dominated by shellbark hickory (*Carya laciniosa*), sugarberry (*Celtis laevigata*), common persimmon, honey-locust, Chinese privet (*Ligustrum sinense*), saw greenbrier (*Smilax bona-nox*), and Virginia creeper (*Parthenocissus quinquefolia*) (Attachment B, Photo 7).

The row-crop agricultural field wetland community, associated with WET-HWY67-C2, located along part of the southern edge of WET-HWY67-C1, is sparsely vegetated and included floating primrose-willow (*Ludwigia peploides*), green ash, and soybean (Attachment B, Photo 14).

The forested drainageway wetland community, associated with WET-HWY67-A and WET-HWY67-D, located in north-central and east central portions of the project area, is dominated by honey-locust, sugarberry, common persimmon, honey-locust, Virginia wildrye (*Elymus virginicus*), and common greenbrier (*Smilax rotundifolia*) (Attachment B, Photos 8 and 15).

The former pond wetland community, associated with WET-HWY67-B, was dominated by black willow (*Salix nigra*), common persimmon, button-bush (*Cephalanthus occidentalis*), dotted smartweed (*Persicaria punctata*), and soft rush (*Juncus effusus*) (Attachment B, Photo 9).

The bottomland forested/shrub/open-water wetland community, associated with WET-HWY67-C1, located in the south-central portion of the project area, is dominated by black willow, common persimmon, green ash, sugarberry, honey-locust, button bush, and soft rush (Attachment B, Photos 10-13).

Positive indicators of hydrophytic vegetation were observed at 11 of the 13 sampling point locations (Table 3; Attachment A).

3.2.2 Wetland Hydrology

Hydrology within the onsite wetland areas appears to be primarily associated with drainages from the north and west. Hydrologic indicators observed within the onsite wetland features include surface water, high-water table, saturation, water marks, drift deposits, inundation visible on aerial imagery, water-stained leaves, aquatic fauna, drainage patterns, saturation visible on aerial imagery, and positive FAC-Neutral tests.

Positive indicators of hydrology were only observed at 6 of the 13 sampling point locations, i.e., only the six sampling point locations located within the onsite delineated wetlands (Table 3; Attachment A).

3.2.3 Soils

Table 2 summarizes soils mapped within the project area by the NRCS *Web Soil Survey* 3.4 (Attachment C). In addition to the mapped soil units, NRCS maps the former pond feature (WET-HWY67-B) as water. Hydric soil status of each soil map unit is taken from the NRCS hydric soils lists for Clark County, Arkansas. Positive indicators of hydric soils were observed at 9 of the 13 sampling point locations (Table 3; Attachment A). Although hydric soils were observed in upland areas, this is believed to be due to the nature of Blackland Prairie soils, which can present as hydric based on coloration but may not receive the hydrology that leads to the development of hydric soils under typical conditions.

Table 2. Summary of Soil Map Units

Soil Map Unit Name	Description	Hydric
Clark County, Arkansas		
Houston Clay, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded	Moderately well drained soils found on Blackland prairie coastal plains	Yes
Terouge silty clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes	Somewhat poorly drained soils found on Blackland prairie fluvial terraces	Yes

Table 3. Summary of Findings at each of the 13 Sampling Point Locations

Sampling Point	Hydrophytic Vegetation	Hydric Soils	Wetland Hydrology	Technical Wetland
D-01	No	No	No	No
D-02	Yes	No	No	No
D-03	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
D-04	Yes	Yes	No	No
D-05	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
D-06	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
D-07	Yes	No	No	No
D-08	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
D-09	Yes	Yes	No	No
D-10	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
D-11	No	Yes	No	No
D-12	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
D-13	Yes	No	No	No

3.3 Other Waters of the US

The reviewed USGS topographic maps (1960, 1975, 1977, 2014, 2017, 2020, and 2024) each illustrate two aquatic features onsite, i.e., a stream channel entering the project from the west and flowing toward the southeast, and a pond in the central portion of the project area. The NWI maps the stream channel, classified as R4SBC (riverine, intermittent streambed, seasonally flooded), but does not map the pond that is illustrated by USGS.

The mapped onsite pond was observed to meet the definition for classification, and functions as, a wetland. The mapped pond is identified as WET-HWY67-B (see Section 3.2).

Five stream channel reaches were observed within the project area. This report classifies observed stream channel reaches as one of three types:

- Ephemeral – Channels that appear to flow only in response to rainfall

- Intermittent – Channels that appear unlikely to be relatively permanent. These channels may flow in response to rainfall with potential groundwater influence, and/or appear to potentially maintain semi-persistent pools during select wet periods of a normal year.
- Relatively Permanent Water (RPW) – Channels that appear likely to maintain a persistence of water, which may or may not be continuously flowing, throughout at least the entirety of the wet season during a typical year (in terms of precipitation).

The western portion of the mapped channel was observed to be an RPW channel (RPW-HWY67-1) that enters the project area from the west. RPW-HWY67-1 drains to WET-HWY67-C1. The majority of the mapped channel was observed to function as part of a wetland (WET-HWY67-C1) rather than a stream channel. An intermittent channel (INT-HWY67-1) flows south from WET-HWY67-A to WET-HWY67-B. A south-flowing drainageway complex was observed in the east-central portion of the project area, consisting of an ephemeral drainage channel (EPH-HWY67-1) which drains to a wetland (WET-HWY67-D), which drains to an intermittent channel (INT-HWY67-2), which drains to an RPW channel (RPW-HWY67-2), which drains to WET-HWY67-C1. The observed onsite stream channels are summarized in Table 4 below.

Table 4. Summary of Stream Channels

Feature ID	Classification	Width (ft.)	Depth (ft)	Size (linear feet onsite)	Substrate	Downstream Hydrologic Connection	Photo #'s
EPH-HWY67-1	Ephemeral	2	0.3	188	silt, detritus	WET-HWY67-D	16
INT-HWY67-1	Intermittent	3	0.4	264	silt, gravel	WET-HWY67-B	17
INT-HWY67-2	Intermittent	3	0.5	151	silt, gravel	RPW-HWY67-2	18
RPW-HWY67-1	RPW	12	unknown	350	unknown	WET-HWY67-C1	19
RPW-HWY67-2	RPW	6	unknown	103	unknown	WET-HWY67-C1	20

3.4 Downstream Hydrologic Connectivity

Drainage from the project area generally flows southeast via the mapped tributary that flows generally southeast to Waggle Creek; Waggle Creek flows generally south and flows to Terre Noire Creek; Terre Noire Creek flows generally southeast to the Little Missouri River; the Little Missouri River flows east to the Ouachita River, a Traditionally Navigable Water.

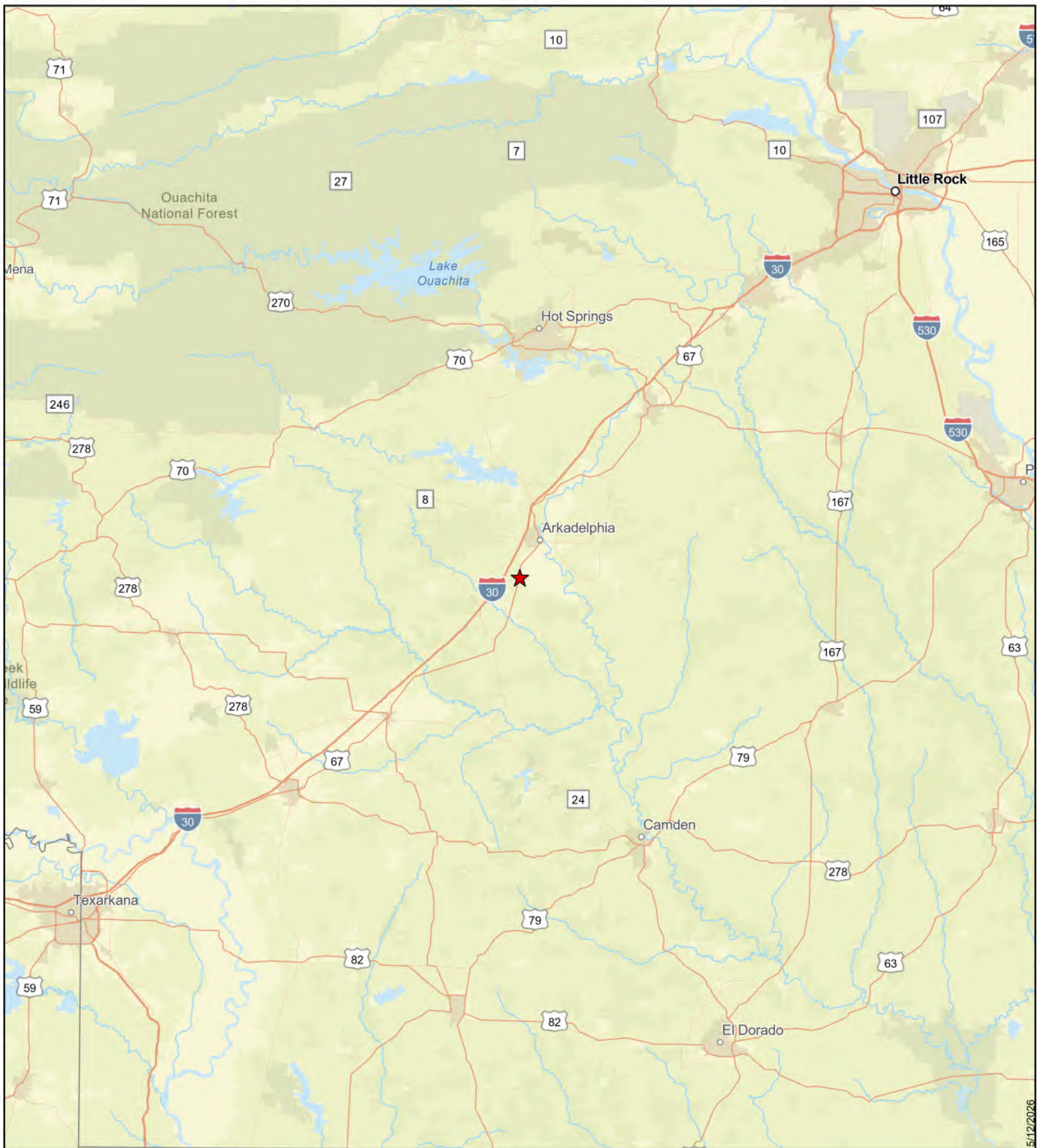
4.0 FEMA 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN AND FLOODWAY ISSUES

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) maps the northern and southwestern portions of the public area as unshaded Zone X. Unshaded Zone X is a FEMA designation for areas of minimal flood hazard that are outside the 0.2 percent annual-chance flood. FEMA maps the central and southeastern portions of the project area as a Zone A floodplain associated with the onsite mapped tributary that flows to Waggle Creek. Zone A is a FEMA designation for a special flood hazard area without base flood elevations determined. A FEMA FIRMette is provided in Attachment C.

5.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

- ECCI observed five wetland features, totaling 11.63 acre within the project area.
- ECCI observed five stream reaches within the project area:
 - One stream reach, totaling 188 linear feet within the project area, was observed to be ephemeral in nature.
 - Two stream reaches, totaling 415 linear feet within the project area, were observed to be intermittent in nature.
 - Two stream reaches, totaling 453 linear feet within the project area, were observed to be relatively permanent in nature.
- FEMA maps a portion of the project area within the 0.2 percent annual-flood chance floodplain.

Figures



CCIC – Hwy 67 Site



★ Project Area

30

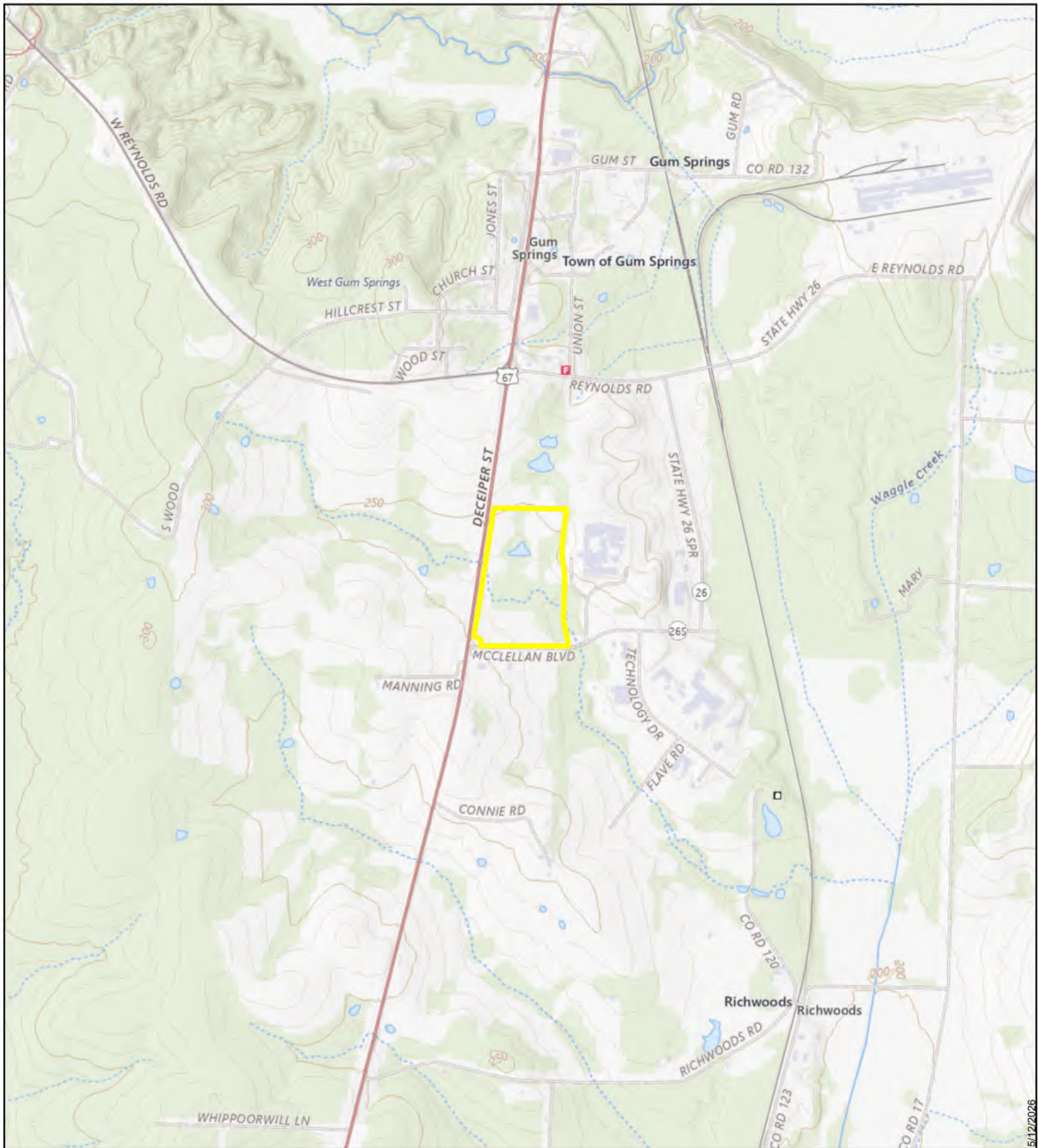
Miles



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Background: Esri, DeLorme, HERE, USGS, Intermap, increment P Corp., NRCAN, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri (Thailand), TomTom

Figure 1. Map showing project vicinity overlaid on ESRI World Street Maps.



CCIC – Hwy 67 Site



Project Area

0.5

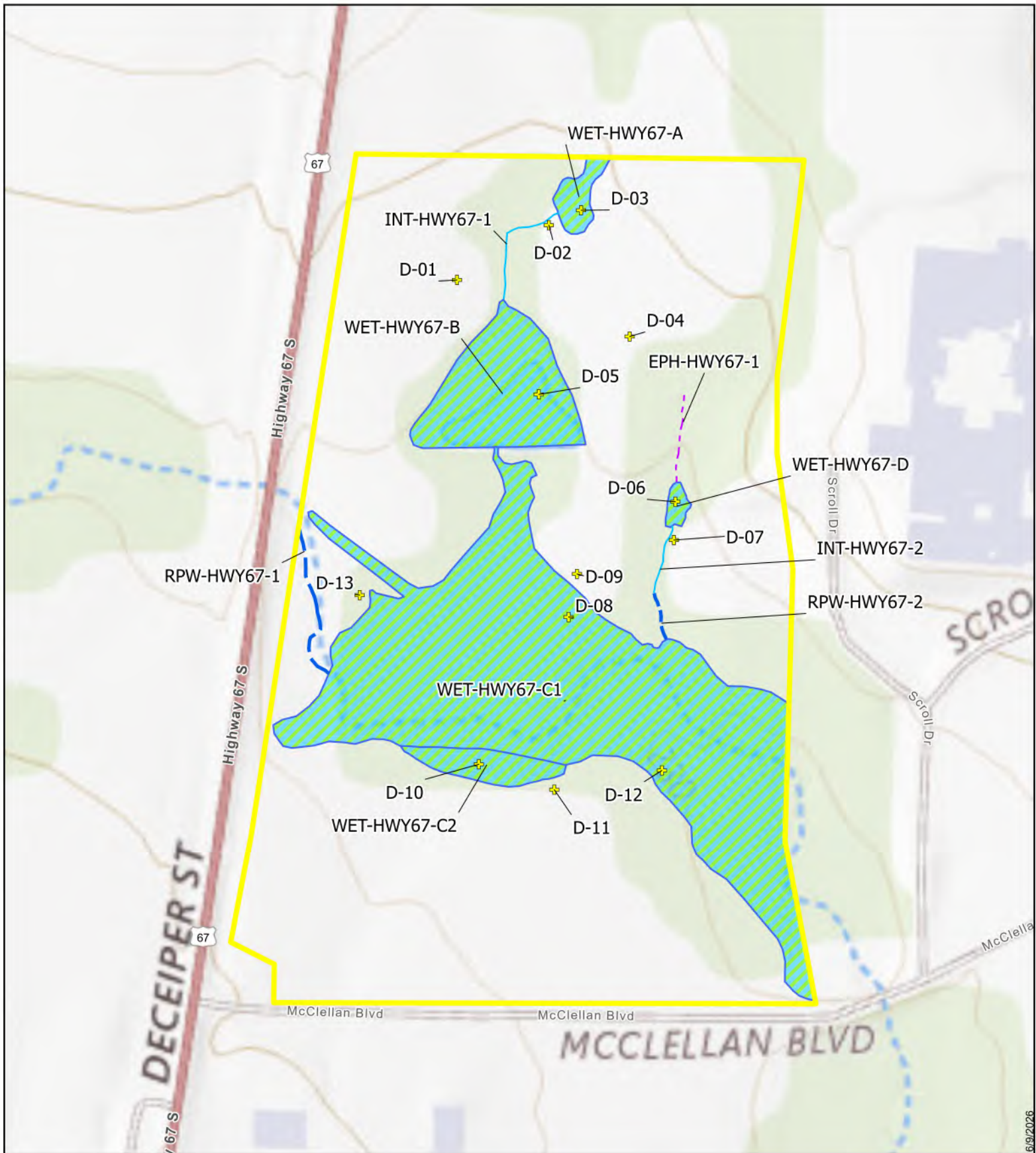
Miles



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Background: USGS The National Map

Figure 2. Map showing project area overlaid on USGS TNM Topo Base Map.



CCIC - Hwy 67 Site



- Project Area
- Wetland
- EPH
- RPW

- INT
- + Sample Point

500

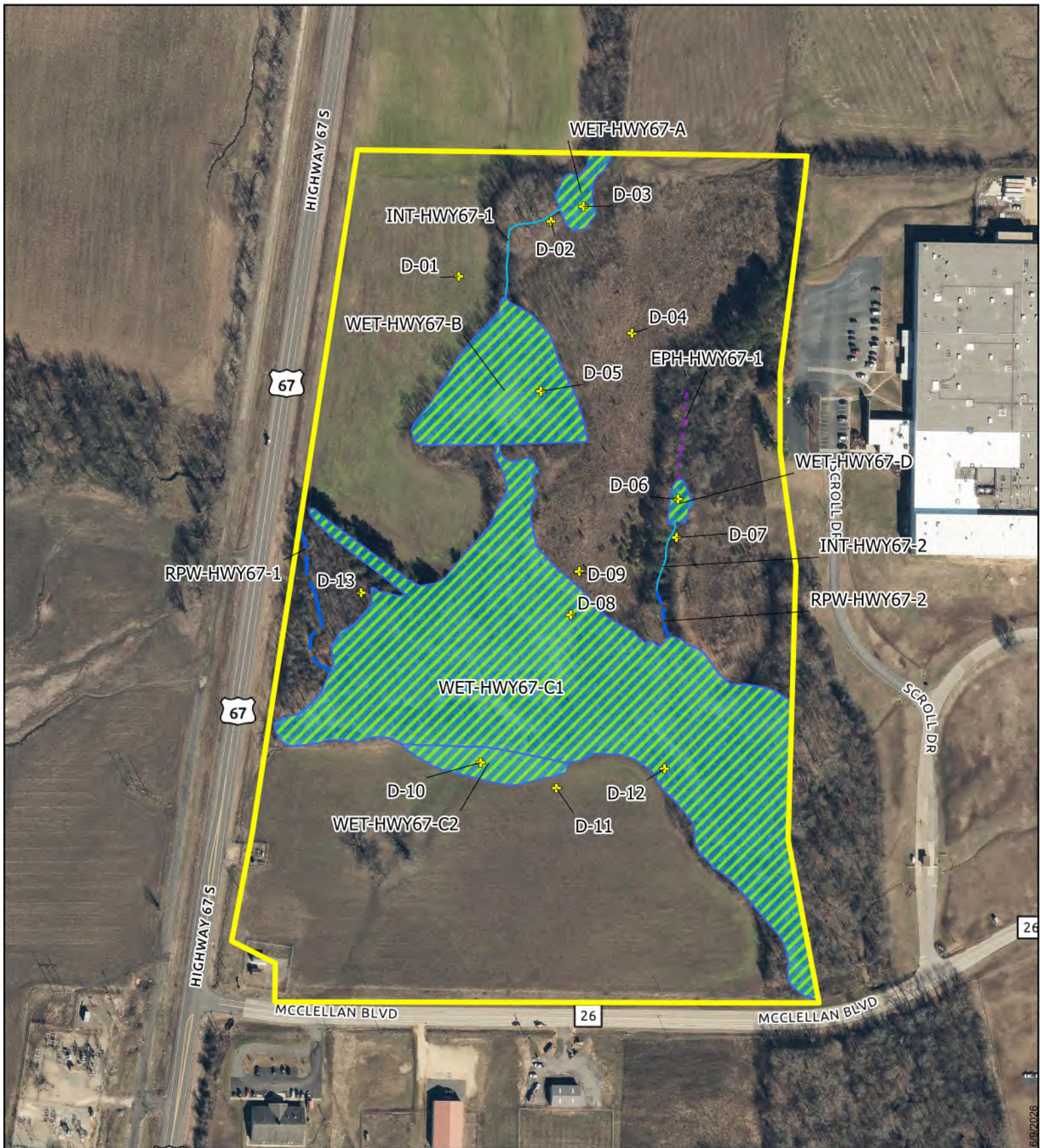
Feet



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Background: USGS The National Map

Figure 3. Map showing project details overlaid on USGS TNM Topo Base Map.



CCIC – Hwy 67 Site



- Project Area
- Wetland
- EPH
- RPW

- INT
- + Sample Point

500

Feet



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Background: https://gis.arkansas.gov/arcgis/services/IMAGERY_9IN_2023/ImageServer

Figure 4. Map showing project details overlaid on 2023 9-inch aerial imagery.

Attachment A

Sampling Point Data Sheets

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region See ERDC/EL TR-10-20; the proponent agency is CECW-COR	OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 09/30/2027 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)
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Project/Site: EDCCC - CCIC Hwy 67 Site City/County: Clark County Sampling Date: 2026-05-13
Applicant/Owner: Economic Development Corporation of Clark County State: Arkansas Sampling Point: D-01
Investigator(s): Jimmy Rogers Section, Township, Range: S12 T8S R20W
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Flat Local relief (concave, convex, none): None Slope (%): 1
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): P 135B Lat: 34.05421 Long: -93.09800 Datum: WGS 84
Soil Map Unit Name: 28 - Houston clay, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded NWI classification: _____

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation ☒, Soil ☒, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes _____ No ☒
Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No ☒	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No ☒
Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No ☒	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No ☒	

Remarks:
Agriculture field.

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> ☐ Surface Water (A1) ☐ Aquatic Fauna (B13) ☐ High Water Table (A2) ☐ Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) ☐ Saturation (A3) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ☐ Water Marks (B1) ☐ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) ☐ Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) ☐ Drift Deposits (B3) ☐ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ☐ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) ☐ Thin Muck Surface (C7) ☐ Iron Deposits (B5) ☐ Other (Explain in Remarks) ☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) ☐ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) ☐ Drainage Patterns (B10) ☐ Moss Trim Lines (B16) ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) ☐ Crayfish Burrows (C8) ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) ☐ Geomorphic Position (D2) ☐ Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☐ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) ☐ Sphagnum Moss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No ☒
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	
Remarks:	

VEGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

 Sampling Point: D-01

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status																	
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0.00</u> (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: <table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">Total % Cover of:</td> <td style="width: 50%;">Multiply by:</td> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 1 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 2 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species <u>13</u></td> <td>x 3 = <u>39</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species <u>28</u></td> <td>x 4 = <u>112</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 5 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals: <u>41</u> (A)</td> <td><u>151</u> (B)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.68</u></td> </tr> </table>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>	FACW species <u>0</u>	x 2 = <u>0</u>	FAC species <u>13</u>	x 3 = <u>39</u>	FACU species <u>28</u>	x 4 = <u>112</u>	UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>	Column Totals: <u>41</u> (A)	<u>151</u> (B)	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.68</u>	
Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:																			
OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>																			
FACW species <u>0</u>	x 2 = <u>0</u>																			
FAC species <u>13</u>	x 3 = <u>39</u>																			
FACU species <u>28</u>	x 4 = <u>112</u>																			
UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>																			
Column Totals: <u>41</u> (A)	<u>151</u> (B)																			
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.68</u>																				
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
_____ = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: _____		20% of total cover: _____																		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: _____ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation _____ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% _____ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)																
1. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
_____ = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: _____		20% of total cover: _____																		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>10 ft r</u>)				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height. Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall. Woody Vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.																
1. <u>Glycine max</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>✓</u>	_____																	
2. <u>Cynodon dactylon</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>✓</u>	<u>FACU</u>																	
3. <u>Paspalum dilatatum</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
4. <u>Rumex crispus</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
5. <u>Trifolium repens</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	<u>FACU</u>																	
6. <u>unidentified grass</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	_____																	
7. <u>Desmanthus illinoensis</u>	<u>3</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
8. <u>Trifolium pratense</u>	<u>3</u>	_____	<u>FACU</u>																	
9. <u>Rubus sp.</u>	<u>2</u>	_____	_____																	
10. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
11. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>98</u> = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>49.00</u>		20% of total cover: <u>19.60</u>																		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)																				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
_____ = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: _____		20% of total cover: _____																		
Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations below.) 																				

SOIL

Sampling Point: D-01**Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0 - 6	7.5YR 3/2	100					Silty Clay	
6 - 18	7.5YR 4/2	100					Silty Clay	
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

☐ Histosol (A1)	☐ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)
☐ Histic Epipedon (A2)	☐ Barrier Islands 1 cm Muck (S12)
☐ Black Histic (A3)	(MLRA 153B, 153D)
☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	☐ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR O)
☐ Stratified Layers (A5)	☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
☐ Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)	☐ Depleted Matrix (F3)
☐ 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)	☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6)
☐ Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)	☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)	☐ Redox Depressions (F8)
☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	☐ Marl (F10) (LRR U)
☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12)	☐ Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)	☐ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)
☐ Iron Monosulfide (A18)	☐ Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)
☐ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)	☐ Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)
☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	☐ Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Sandy Redox (S5)	☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)
☐ Stripped Matrix (S6)	☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
☐ Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)	(MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)
☐ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8)	☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
(LRR S, T, U)	(MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR O)
☐ 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16)
(outside MLRA 150A)
☐ Reduced Vertic (F18)
(outside MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, T)
☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
(MLRA 153B)
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
(outside MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation andwetland hydrology must be present,
unless disturbed or problematic.**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No ☒

Remarks:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region See ERDC/EL TR-10-20; the proponent agency is CECW-COR		OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 09/30/2027 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)						
Project/Site: <u>EDCCC - CCIC Hwy 67 Site</u> City/County: <u>Clark County</u> Sampling Date: <u>2026-05-13</u>								
Applicant/Owner: <u>Economic Development Corporation of Clark County</u> State: <u>Arkansas</u> Sampling Point: <u>D-02</u>								
Investigator(s): <u>Jimmy Rogers</u> Section, Township, Range: <u>S12 T8S R20W</u>								
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): <u>Stream Terrace</u> Local relief (concave, convex, none): <u>None</u> Slope (%): <u>1</u>								
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): <u>P 135B</u> Lat: <u>34.05458</u> Long: <u>-93.09720</u> Datum: <u>WGS 84</u>								
Soil Map Unit Name: <u>28 - Houston clay, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded</u> NWI classification: _____								
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)								
Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐								
Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)								
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.								
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%; vertical-align: top;"> Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ </td> <td style="width: 50%; vertical-align: top;"> Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ☐ No ☒ </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="height: 100px; vertical-align: top;"> Remarks: </td> </tr> </table>			Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☐ No ☒	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ☐ No ☒	Remarks:			
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☐ No ☒	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ☐ No ☒							
Remarks:								
HYDROLOGY								
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 60%; vertical-align: top;"> Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> _____ Surface Water (A1) _____ Aquatic Fauna (B13) _____ High Water Table (A2) _____ Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) _____ Saturation (A3) _____ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) _____ Water Marks (B1) _____ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) _____ Sediment Deposits (B2) _____ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) _____ Drift Deposits (B3) _____ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) _____ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) _____ Thin Muck Surface (C7) _____ Iron Deposits (B5) _____ Other (Explain in Remarks) _____ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) _____ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) </td> <td style="width: 40%; vertical-align: top;"> <u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> _____ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) _____ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) _____ Drainage Patterns (B10) _____ Moss Trim Lines (B16) _____ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) _____ Crayfish Burrows (C8) _____ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) _____ Geomorphic Position (D2) _____ Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☒ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) _____ Sphagnum Moss (D8) (LRR T, U) </td> </tr> </table>			Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> _____ Surface Water (A1) _____ Aquatic Fauna (B13) _____ High Water Table (A2) _____ Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) _____ Saturation (A3) _____ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) _____ Water Marks (B1) _____ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) _____ Sediment Deposits (B2) _____ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) _____ Drift Deposits (B3) _____ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) _____ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) _____ Thin Muck Surface (C7) _____ Iron Deposits (B5) _____ Other (Explain in Remarks) _____ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) _____ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> _____ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) _____ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) _____ Drainage Patterns (B10) _____ Moss Trim Lines (B16) _____ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) _____ Crayfish Burrows (C8) _____ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) _____ Geomorphic Position (D2) _____ Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☒ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) _____ Sphagnum Moss (D8) (LRR T, U)				
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<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 55%; vertical-align: top;"> Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe) </td> <td style="width: 45%; vertical-align: top;"> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No ☒ </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="height: 100px; vertical-align: top;"> Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="height: 100px; vertical-align: top;"> Remarks: </td> </tr> </table>			Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No ☒	Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:		Remarks:	
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No ☒							
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:								
Remarks:								

VEGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

 Sampling Point: D-02

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>20 ft r</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status																	
1. <u>Carya laciniosa</u>	<u>25</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>4</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>133.33</u> (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: <table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">Total % Cover of:</td> <td style="width: 50%;">Multiply by:</td> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 1 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species <u>75</u></td> <td>x 2 = <u>150</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species <u>10</u></td> <td>x 3 = <u>30</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species <u>5</u></td> <td>x 4 = <u>20</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 5 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals: <u>90</u> (A)</td> <td><u>200</u> (B)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.22</u></td> </tr> </table>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>	FACW species <u>75</u>	x 2 = <u>150</u>	FAC species <u>10</u>	x 3 = <u>30</u>	FACU species <u>5</u>	x 4 = <u>20</u>	UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>	Column Totals: <u>90</u> (A)	<u>200</u> (B)	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.22</u>	
Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:																			
OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>																			
FACW species <u>75</u>	x 2 = <u>150</u>																			
FAC species <u>10</u>	x 3 = <u>30</u>																			
FACU species <u>5</u>	x 4 = <u>20</u>																			
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Column Totals: <u>90</u> (A)	<u>200</u> (B)																			
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.22</u>																				
2. <u>Celtis laevigata</u>	<u>10</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>																	
3. <u>Diospyros virginiana</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>FAC</u>																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>40</u> = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>20.00</u>		20% of total cover: <u>8.00</u>																		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>20 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Carya laciniosa</u>	<u>30</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u> </u> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation ☒ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <u> </u> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ <u> </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)																
2. <u>Celtis laevigata</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>FACW</u>																	
3. <u>Diospyros virginiana</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>FAC</u>																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>40</u> = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>20.00</u>		20% of total cover: <u>8.00</u>																		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>10 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Carex sp.</u>	<u>10</u>	☒		¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height. Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall. Woody Vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.																
2. <u>Nemophila aphylla</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
9. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
10. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
11. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
12. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>15</u> = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>7.50</u>		20% of total cover: <u>3.00</u>																		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>20 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Lonicera japonica</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FACU</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☒ No _____																
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>5</u> = Total Cover 20%																				
50% of total cover: <u>2.50</u>		of total cover: <u>1.00</u>																		

Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations below.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: D-02**Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0 - 18	7.5YR 3/2	100					Silty Clay	
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

☐ Histosol (A1)	☐ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)
☐ Histic Epipedon (A2)	☐ Barrier Islands 1 cm Muck (S12)
☐ Black Histic (A3)	(MLRA 153B, 153D)
☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	☐ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR O)
☐ Stratified Layers (A5)	☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
☐ Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)	☐ Depleted Matrix (F3)
☐ 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)	☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6)
☐ Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)	☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)	☐ Redox Depressions (F8)
☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	☐ Marl (F10) (LRR U)
☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12)	☐ Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)	☐ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)
☐ Iron Monosulfide (A18)	☐ Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)
☐ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)	☐ Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)
☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	☐ Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Sandy Redox (S5)	☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)
☐ Stripped Matrix (S6)	☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
☐ Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)	(MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)
☐ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR S, T, U)	☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
	(MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR O)
☐ 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16)
(outside MLRA 150A)
☐ Reduced Vertic (F18)
(outside MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, T)
☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
(MLRA 153B)
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
(outside MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and

wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No ☒

Remarks:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region See ERDC/EL TR-10-20; the proponent agency is CECW-COR		OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 09/30/2027 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)						
Project/Site: <u>EDCCC - CCIC Hwy 67 Site</u> City/County: <u>Clark County</u> Sampling Date: <u>2026-05-13</u>								
Applicant/Owner: <u>Economic Development Corporation of Clark County</u> State: <u>Arkansas</u> Sampling Point: <u>D-03</u>								
Investigator(s): <u>Jimmy Rogers</u> Section, Township, Range: <u>S12 T8S R20W</u>								
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): <u>Drainageway</u> Local relief (concave, convex, none): <u>None</u> Slope (%): <u>1</u>								
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): <u>P 135B</u> Lat: <u>34.05467</u> Long: <u>-93.09699</u> Datum: <u>WGS 84</u>								
Soil Map Unit Name: <u>28 - Houston clay, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded</u> NWI classification: _____								
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)								
Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No _____								
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Remarks:								

VEGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

 Sampling Point: D-03

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>20 ft r</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status																	
1. <u>Celtis laevigata</u>	<u>20</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>6</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>6</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100.00</u> (A/B)																
2. <u>Gleditsia triacanthos</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
25 = Total Cover				Prevalence Index worksheet: <table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">Total % Cover of:</td> <td style="width: 50%;">Multiply by:</td> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 1 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species <u>40</u></td> <td>x 2 = <u>80</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species <u>79</u></td> <td>x 3 = <u>237</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 4 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 5 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals: <u>119</u> (A)</td> <td><u>317</u> (B)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.66</u></td> </tr> </table>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>	FACW species <u>40</u>	x 2 = <u>80</u>	FAC species <u>79</u>	x 3 = <u>237</u>	FACU species <u>0</u>	x 4 = <u>0</u>	UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>	Column Totals: <u>119</u> (A)	<u>317</u> (B)	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.66</u>	
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Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.66</u>																				
50% of total cover: <u>12.50</u> 20% of total cover: <u>5.00</u>																				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>20 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Celtis laevigata</u>	<u>15</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>1</u> - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation ☒ <u>2</u> - Dominance Test is >50% ☒ <u>3</u> - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ <u> </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)																
2. <u>Diospyros virginiana</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
20 = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>10.00</u> 20% of total cover: <u>4.00</u>																				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>10 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Elymus virginicus</u>	<u>50</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>	Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height. Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall. Woody Vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.																
2. <u>Carex sp.</u>	<u>10</u>	_____	_____																	
3. <u>Nemophila aphylla</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	<u>FACW</u>																	
4. <u>unidentified grass</u>	<u>3</u>	_____	_____																	
5. <u>Geum canadense</u>	<u>2</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
9. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
10. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
11. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
12. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
70 = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>35.00</u> 20% of total cover: <u>14.00</u>																				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>20 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Smilax rotundifolia</u>	<u>10</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☒ No _____																
2. <u>Smilax bona-nox</u>	<u>3</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
3. <u>Toxicodendron radicans</u>	<u>3</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
4. <u>Campsis radicans</u>	<u>1</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
17 = Total Cover 20%																				
50% of total cover: <u>8.50</u> of total cover: <u>3.40</u>																				

Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations below.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: **D-03****Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0 - 3	7.5YR 3/2	100					Silty Clay	
3 - 6	7.5YR 3/2	97	7.5YR 5/6	3	C	M	Silty Clay	
6 - 12	7.5YR 3/2	95	7.5YR 4/4	5	C	M	Silty Clay	
-								
-								
-								
-								

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

☐ Histosol (A1)	☐ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)
☐ Histic Epipedon (A2)	☐ Barrier Islands 1 cm Muck (S12)
☐ Black Histic (A3)	(MLRA 153B, 153D)
☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	☐ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR O)
☐ Stratified Layers (A5)	☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
☐ Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)	☐ Depleted Matrix (F3)
☐ 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)	☒ Redox Dark Surface (F6)
☐ Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)	☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)	☐ Redox Depressions (F8)
☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	☐ Marl (F10) (LRR U)
☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12)	☐ Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)	☐ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)
☐ Iron Monosulfide (A18)	☐ Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)
☐ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)	☐ Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)
☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	☐ Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Sandy Redox (S5)	☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)
☐ Stripped Matrix (S6)	☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
☐ Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)	(MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)
☐ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8)	☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
(LRR S, T, U)	(MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

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☐ 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
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(outside MLRA 150A)
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(outside MLRA 150A, 150B)
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(MLRA 153B)
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
(outside MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation andwetland hydrology must be present,
unless disturbed or problematic.**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☒ No ☐

Remarks:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region See ERDC/EL TR-10-20; the proponent agency is CECW-COR		OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 09/30/2027 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)		
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Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> _____ Surface Water (A1) _____ Aquatic Fauna (B13) _____ High Water Table (A2) _____ Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) _____ Saturation (A3) _____ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) _____ Water Marks (B1) _____ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) _____ Sediment Deposits (B2) _____ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) _____ Drift Deposits (B3) _____ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) _____ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) _____ Thin Muck Surface (C7) _____ Iron Deposits (B5) _____ Other (Explain in Remarks) _____ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) _____ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> _____ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) _____ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) _____ Drainage Patterns (B10) _____ Moss Trim Lines (B16) _____ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) _____ Crayfish Burrows (C8) _____ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) _____ Geomorphic Position (D2) _____ Shallow Aquitard (D3) _____ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) _____ Sphagnum Moss (D8) (LRR T, U)			
<table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 55%; vertical-align: top;"> Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe) </td> <td style="width: 45%; vertical-align: top;"> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No ☒ </td> </tr> </table>			Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No ☒
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No ☒			
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:				
Remarks:				

VEGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

 Sampling Point: D-04

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status																	
1. <u>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</u>	<u>10</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>5</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>8</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>62.50</u> (A/B)																
2. <u>Diospyros virginiana</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
15 = Total Cover				Prevalence Index worksheet: <table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">Total % Cover of:</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Multiply by:</th> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 1 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species <u>35</u></td> <td>x 2 = <u>70</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species <u>45</u></td> <td>x 3 = <u>135</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species <u>60</u></td> <td>x 4 = <u>240</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 5 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals: <u>140</u> (A)</td> <td><u>445</u> (B)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.17</u></td> </tr> </table>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>	FACW species <u>35</u>	x 2 = <u>70</u>	FAC species <u>45</u>	x 3 = <u>135</u>	FACU species <u>60</u>	x 4 = <u>240</u>	UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>	Column Totals: <u>140</u> (A)	<u>445</u> (B)	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.17</u>	
Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:																			
OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>																			
FACW species <u>35</u>	x 2 = <u>70</u>																			
FAC species <u>45</u>	x 3 = <u>135</u>																			
FACU species <u>60</u>	x 4 = <u>240</u>																			
UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>																			
Column Totals: <u>140</u> (A)	<u>445</u> (B)																			
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.17</u>																				
50% of total cover: <u>7.50</u> 20% of total cover: <u>3.00</u>																				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</u>	<u>25</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>1</u> - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation ☒ <u>2</u> - Dominance Test is >50% <u>3</u> - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ <u> </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)																
2. <u>Diospyros virginiana</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
3. <u>Gleditsia triacanthos</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
35 = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>17.50</u> 20% of total cover: <u>7.00</u>																				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>10 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Lespedeza cuneata</u>	<u>40</u>	☒	<u>FACU</u>	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height. Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall. Woody Vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.																
2. <u>Agrostis hyemalis</u>	<u>15</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>																	
3. <u>Solidago altissima</u>	<u>15</u>	☒	<u>FACU</u>																	
4. <u>Panicum oligosanthos</u>	<u>10</u>	_____	_____																	
5. <u>Andropogon virginicus</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
6. <u>Bromus japonicus</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	_____																	
7. <u>Solanum carolinense</u>	<u>2</u>	_____	<u>FACU</u>																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
9. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
10. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
11. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
12. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
92 = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>46.00</u> 20% of total cover: <u>18.40</u>																				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Smilax bona-nox</u>	<u>10</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☒ No _____																
2. <u>Rubus trivialis</u>	<u>3</u>	☒	<u>FACU</u>																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
13 = Total Cover 20%																				
50% of total cover: <u>6.50</u> of total cover: <u>2.60</u>																				

Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations below.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: D-04**Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0 - 5	10YR 3/3	100					Silty Clay	
5 - 16	7.5YR 4/2	95	7.5YR 4/6	5	C	M	Silty Clay	
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

☐ Histosol (A1)	☐ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)
☐ Histic Epipedon (A2)	☐ Barrier Islands 1 cm Muck (S12)
☐ Black Histic (A3)	(MLRA 153B, 153D)
☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	☐ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR O)
☐ Stratified Layers (A5)	☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
☐ Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)	☒ Depleted Matrix (F3)
☐ 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)	☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6)
☐ Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)	☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)	☐ Redox Depressions (F8)
☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	☐ Marl (F10) (LRR U)
☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12)	☐ Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)	☐ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)
☐ Iron Monosulfide (A18)	☐ Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)
☐ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)	☐ Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)
☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	☐ Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Sandy Redox (S5)	☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)
☐ Stripped Matrix (S6)	☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
☐ Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)	(MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)
☐ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR S, T, U)	☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
	(MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR O)
☐ 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16)
(outside MLRA 150A)
☐ Reduced Vertic (F18)
(outside MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, T)
☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
(MLRA 153B)
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
(outside MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and

wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☒ No ☐

Remarks:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region See ERDC/EL TR-10-20; the proponent agency is CECW-COR	OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 09/30/2027 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)
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Project/Site: EDCCC - CCIC Hwy 67 Site City/County: Clark County Sampling Date: 2026-05-13
Applicant/Owner: Economic Development Corporation of Clark County State: Arkansas Sampling Point: D-05
Investigator(s): Jimmy Rogers Section, Township, Range: S12 T8S R20W
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Pond Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope (%): 1
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): P 135B Lat: 34.05358 Long: -93.09729 Datum: WGS 84
Soil Map Unit Name: 98 - Water NWI classification: _____

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No _____
Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☒ No _____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ☒ No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☒ No _____	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☒ No _____	

Remarks:
Former man-made pond

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> ☒ Surface Water (A1) _____ Aquatic Fauna (B13) ☒ High Water Table (A2) _____ Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) ☒ Saturation (A3) _____ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ☒ Water Marks (B1) _____ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) _____ Sediment Deposits (B2) _____ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) ☒ Drift Deposits (B3) _____ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) _____ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) _____ Thin Muck Surface (C7) _____ Iron Deposits (B5) _____ Other (Explain in Remarks) _____ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) ☒ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> _____ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) _____ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) _____ Drainage Patterns (B10) _____ Moss Trim Lines (B16) _____ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) _____ Crayfish Burrows (C8) ☒ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) _____ Geomorphic Position (D2) _____ Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☒ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) _____ Sphagnum Moss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ☒ No _____ Depth (inches): <u>0-12</u> Water Table Present? Yes ☒ No _____ Depth (inches): <u>10</u> Saturation Present? Yes ☒ No _____ Depth (inches): <u>2</u> (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☒ No _____
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	
Remarks:	

VEGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

 Sampling Point: D-05

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status																	
1. <u>Salix nigra</u>	<u>30</u>	☒	<u>OBL</u>	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>4</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>4</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100.00</u> (A/B)																
2. <u>Diospyros virginiana</u>	<u>10</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>40</u> = Total Cover				Prevalence Index worksheet: <table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">Total % Cover of:</th> <th style="text-align: left;">Multiply by:</th> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL species <u>91</u></td> <td>x 1 = <u>91</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 2 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species <u>10</u></td> <td>x 3 = <u>30</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 4 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 5 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals: <u>101</u> (A)</td> <td><u>121</u> (B)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>1.19</u></td> </tr> </table>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species <u>91</u>	x 1 = <u>91</u>	FACW species <u>0</u>	x 2 = <u>0</u>	FAC species <u>10</u>	x 3 = <u>30</u>	FACU species <u>0</u>	x 4 = <u>0</u>	UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>	Column Totals: <u>101</u> (A)	<u>121</u> (B)	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>1.19</u>	
Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:																			
OBL species <u>91</u>	x 1 = <u>91</u>																			
FACW species <u>0</u>	x 2 = <u>0</u>																			
FAC species <u>10</u>	x 3 = <u>30</u>																			
FACU species <u>0</u>	x 4 = <u>0</u>																			
UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>																			
Column Totals: <u>101</u> (A)	<u>121</u> (B)																			
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>1.19</u>																				
50% of total cover: <u>20.00</u> 20% of total cover: <u>8.00</u>																				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Cephalanthus occidentalis</u>	<u>50</u>	☒	<u>OBL</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>1</u> - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation ☒ <u>2</u> - Dominance Test is >50% ☒ <u>3</u> - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)																
2. <u>Salix nigra</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	<u>OBL</u>																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>55</u> = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>27.50</u> 20% of total cover: <u>11.00</u>																				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>10 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Juncus effusus</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>OBL</u>	Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height. Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall. Woody Vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.																
2. <u>Persicaria punctata</u>	<u>1</u>	_____	<u>OBL</u>																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
9. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
10. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
11. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
12. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>6</u> = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>3.00</u> 20% of total cover: <u>1.20</u>																				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>15 ft r</u>)																				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
_____ = Total Cover 20%																				
50% of total cover: _____ of total cover: _____																				
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☒ No _____																				

Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations below.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: D-05**Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0 - 3	7.5YR 3/2	95	7.5YR 4/6	5	C	M	Silty Clay	
3 - 12	2.5YR 5/1	90	2.5YR 3/6	10	C	M	Silty Clay	
12 - 18	2.5YR 5/1	80	7.5YR 4/6	20	C	M	Silty Clay	
-								
-								
-								
-								

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

☐ Histosol (A1)	☐ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)
☐ Histic Epipedon (A2)	☐ Barrier Islands 1 cm Muck (S12)
☐ Black Histic (A3)	(MLRA 153B, 153D)
☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	☐ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR O)
☐ Stratified Layers (A5)	☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
☐ Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)	☒ Depleted Matrix (F3)
☐ 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)	☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6)
☐ Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)	☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)	☐ Redox Depressions (F8)
☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	☐ Marl (F10) (LRR U)
☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12)	☐ Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)	☐ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)
☐ Iron Monosulfide (A18)	☐ Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)
☐ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)	☐ Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)
☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	☐ Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Sandy Redox (S5)	☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)
☐ Stripped Matrix (S6)	☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
☐ Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)	(MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)
☐ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR S, T, U)	☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
	(MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR O)
☐ 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16)
(outside MLRA 150A)
☐ Reduced Vertic (F18)
(outside MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, T)
☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
(MLRA 153B)
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
(outside MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation andwetland hydrology must be present,
unless disturbed or problematic.**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☒ No ☐

Remarks:

VEGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

 Sampling Point: D-06

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>15 ft r</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status																	
1. <u>Celtis laevigata</u>	<u>15</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>10</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>11</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>90.90</u> (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: <table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">Total % Cover of:</td> <td style="width: 50%;">Multiply by:</td> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL species <u>5</u></td> <td>x 1 = <u>5</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species <u>35</u></td> <td>x 2 = <u>70</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species <u>37</u></td> <td>x 3 = <u>111</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species <u>5</u></td> <td>x 4 = <u>20</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 5 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals: <u>82</u> (A)</td> <td><u>206</u> (B)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.51</u></td> </tr> </table>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species <u>5</u>	x 1 = <u>5</u>	FACW species <u>35</u>	x 2 = <u>70</u>	FAC species <u>37</u>	x 3 = <u>111</u>	FACU species <u>5</u>	x 4 = <u>20</u>	UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>	Column Totals: <u>82</u> (A)	<u>206</u> (B)	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.51</u>	
Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:																			
OBL species <u>5</u>	x 1 = <u>5</u>																			
FACW species <u>35</u>	x 2 = <u>70</u>																			
FAC species <u>37</u>	x 3 = <u>111</u>																			
FACU species <u>5</u>	x 4 = <u>20</u>																			
UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>																			
Column Totals: <u>82</u> (A)	<u>206</u> (B)																			
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.51</u>																				
2. <u>Diospyros virginiana</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>																	
3. <u>Carya cordiformis</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>25</u> = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>12.50</u>		20% of total cover: <u>5.00</u>																		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>15 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Celtis laevigata</u>	<u>15</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>1</u> - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation ☒ <u>2</u> - Dominance Test is >50% ☒ <u>3</u> - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ <u> </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)																
2. <u>Diospyros virginiana</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>																	
3. <u>Ligustrum sinense</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>25</u> = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>12.50</u>		20% of total cover: <u>5.00</u>																		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Carex radiata</u>	<u>15</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height. Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall. Woody Vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.																
2. <u>Allium sp.</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	_____																	
3. <u>Boehmeria cylindrica</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>																	
4. <u>Glyceria striata</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>OBL</u>																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
9. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
10. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
11. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
12. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>30</u> = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>15.00</u>		20% of total cover: <u>6.00</u>																		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>10 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FACU</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☒ No _____																
2. <u>Berchemia scandens</u>	<u>2</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>7</u> = Total Cover 20%																				
50% of total cover: <u>3.50</u>		of total cover: <u>1.40</u>																		

Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations below.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: **D-06****Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0 - 5	7.5YR 3/2	100					Silty Clay	
5 - 18	5YR 4/1	90	7.5YR 5/8	10	C	M	Silty Clay	
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

☐ Histosol (A1)	☐ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)
☐ Histic Epipedon (A2)	☐ Barrier Islands 1 cm Muck (S12)
☐ Black Histic (A3)	(MLRA 153B, 153D)
☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	☐ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR O)
☐ Stratified Layers (A5)	☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
☐ Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)	☒ Depleted Matrix (F3)
☐ 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)	☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6)
☐ Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)	☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)	☐ Redox Depressions (F8)
☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	☐ Marl (F10) (LRR U)
☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12)	☐ Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)	☐ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)
☐ Iron Monosulfide (A18)	☐ Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)
☐ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)	☐ Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)
☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	☐ Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Sandy Redox (S5)	☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)
☐ Stripped Matrix (S6)	☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
☐ Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)	(MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)
☐ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR S, T, U)	☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
	(MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR O)
☐ 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16)
(outside MLRA 150A)
☐ Reduced Vertic (F18)
(outside MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, T)
☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
(MLRA 153B)
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
(outside MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation andwetland hydrology must be present,
unless disturbed or problematic.**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☒ No ☐

Remarks:

VEGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

 Sampling Point: D-07

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>15 ft r</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status																	
1. <u>Celtis laevigata</u>	<u>15</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>7</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>10</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>70.00</u> (A/B)																
2. <u>Diospyros virginiana</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>																	
3. <u>Gleditsia triacanthos</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>																	
4. <u>Quercus sp.</u>	<u>5</u>	☒																		
5. <u>Carya cordiformis</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
		<u>35</u>	=Total Cover	Prevalence Index worksheet: <table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">Total % Cover of:</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Multiply by:</th> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 1 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species <u>25</u></td> <td>x 2 = <u>50</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species <u>55</u></td> <td>x 3 = <u>165</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species <u>35</u></td> <td>x 4 = <u>140</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 5 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals: <u>115</u> (A)</td> <td><u>355</u> (B)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.08</u></td> </tr> </table>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>	FACW species <u>25</u>	x 2 = <u>50</u>	FAC species <u>55</u>	x 3 = <u>165</u>	FACU species <u>35</u>	x 4 = <u>140</u>	UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>	Column Totals: <u>115</u> (A)	<u>355</u> (B)	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.08</u>	
Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:																			
OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>																			
FACW species <u>25</u>	x 2 = <u>50</u>																			
FAC species <u>55</u>	x 3 = <u>165</u>																			
FACU species <u>35</u>	x 4 = <u>140</u>																			
UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>																			
Column Totals: <u>115</u> (A)	<u>355</u> (B)																			
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.08</u>																				
50% of total cover: <u>17.50</u>		20% of total cover: <u>7.00</u>																		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>15 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Ligustrum sinense</u>	<u>20</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>1</u> - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation ☒ <u>2</u> - Dominance Test is >50% <u>3</u> - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ <u> </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)																
2. <u>Celtis laevigata</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	<u>FACW</u>																	
3. <u>Diospyros virginiana</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
4. <u>Cornus drummondii</u>	<u>3</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
		<u>33</u>	=Total Cover	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.																
50% of total cover: <u>16.50</u>		20% of total cover: <u>6.60</u>																		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Carex radiata</u>	<u>10</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>	Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height. Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall. Woody Vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.																
2. <u>Allium sp.</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	_____																	
3. <u>Carex cherokeensis</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>																	
4. <u>Eupatorium capillifolium</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FACU</u>																	
5. <u>Sanicula canadensis</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FACU</u>																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
9. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
10. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
11. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
12. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
		<u>30</u>	=Total Cover																	
50% of total cover: <u>15.00</u>		20% of total cover: <u>6.00</u>																		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>10 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</u>	<u>20</u>	☒	<u>FACU</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☒ No _____																
2. <u>Lonicera japonica</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	<u>FACU</u>																	
3. <u>Toxicodendron radicans</u>	<u>2</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
		<u>27</u>	=Total Cover 20%																	
50% of total cover: <u>13.50</u>		of total cover: <u>5.40</u>																		

Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations below.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: D-07

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)								
Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0 - 16	7.5YR 3/2	100					Silty Clay	
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
☐ Histosol (A1)	☐ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)	☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR O)
☐ Histic Epipedon (A2)	☐ Barrier Islands 1 cm Muck (S12)	☐ 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
☐ Black Histic (A3)	(MLRA 153B, 153D)	☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16)
☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	☐ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR O)	(outside MLRA 150A)
☐ Stratified Layers (A5)	☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	☐ Reduced Vertic (F18)
☐ Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)	☐ Depleted Matrix (F3)	(outside MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)	☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6)	☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, T)
☐ Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)	☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)	☐ Redox Depressions (F8)	(MLRA 153B)
☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	☐ Marl (F10) (LRR U)	☐ Red Parent Material (F21)
☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12)	☐ Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)	☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)	☐ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)	(outside MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)
☐ Iron Monosulfide (A18)	☐ Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)	☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)
☐ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)	☐ Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)	
☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	☐ Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)	
☐ Sandy Redox (S5)	☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)	
☐ Stripped Matrix (S6)	☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)	
☐ Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)	(MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)	
☐ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR S, T, U)	☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22) (MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)	

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: _____ Depth (inches): _____	Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No ☒
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Remarks:

VEGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

 Sampling Point: D-08

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status																	
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100.00</u> (A/B)																
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
_____ = Total Cover				Prevalence Index worksheet: <table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">Total % Cover of:</td> <td style="width: 50%;">Multiply by:</td> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL species <u>35</u></td> <td>x 1 = <u>35</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 2 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 3 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 4 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 5 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals: <u>35</u> (A)</td> <td><u>35</u> (B)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>1.00</u></td> </tr> </table>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species <u>35</u>	x 1 = <u>35</u>	FACW species <u>0</u>	x 2 = <u>0</u>	FAC species <u>0</u>	x 3 = <u>0</u>	FACU species <u>0</u>	x 4 = <u>0</u>	UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>	Column Totals: <u>35</u> (A)	<u>35</u> (B)	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>1.00</u>	
Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:																			
OBL species <u>35</u>	x 1 = <u>35</u>																			
FACW species <u>0</u>	x 2 = <u>0</u>																			
FAC species <u>0</u>	x 3 = <u>0</u>																			
FACU species <u>0</u>	x 4 = <u>0</u>																			
UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>																			
Column Totals: <u>35</u> (A)	<u>35</u> (B)																			
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>1.00</u>																				
50% of total cover: _____		20% of total cover: _____																		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Cephalanthus occidentalis</u>	<u>30</u>	☒	<u>OBL</u>																	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>30</u> = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>15.00</u>		20% of total cover: <u>6.00</u>																		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>10 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Juncus effusus</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>OBL</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: ☒ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation ☒ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% ☒ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)																
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
9. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
10. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
11. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
12. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>5</u> = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>2.50</u>		20% of total cover: <u>1.00</u>																		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>15 ft r</u>)																				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height. Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall. Woody Vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.																
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
_____ = Total Cover 20%																				
50% of total cover: _____		of total cover: _____																		
Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations below.)																				

SOIL

Sampling Point: D-08

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

☐ Histosol (A1)	☐ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)
☐ Histic Epipedon (A2)	☐ Barrier Islands 1 cm Muck (S12)
☐ Black Histic (A3)	(MLRA 153B, 153D)
☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	☐ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR O)
☐ Stratified Layers (A5)	☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
☐ Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)	☐ Depleted Matrix (F3)
☐ 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)	☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6)
☐ Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)	☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)	☐ Redox Depressions (F8)
☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	☐ Marl (F10) (LRR U)
☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12)	☐ Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)	☐ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)
☐ Iron Monosulfide (A18)	☐ Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)
☐ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)	☐ Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)
☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	☐ Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Sandy Redox (S5)	☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)
☐ Stripped Matrix (S6)	☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
☐ Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)	(MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)
☐ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8)	☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
(LRR S, T, U)	(MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR O)
☐ 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16)
(outside MLRA 150A)
☐ Reduced Vertic (F18)
(outside MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, T)
☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
(MLRA 153B)
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
(outside MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)
☒ Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation andwetland hydrology must be present,
unless disturbed or problematic.**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☒ No ☐

Remarks:

No pit dug due to inundation; soils assumed hydric.

VEGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

 Sampling Point: D-09

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status																	
1. <u>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>5</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>6</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>83.33</u> (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: <table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">Total % Cover of:</td> <td style="width: 50%;">Multiply by:</td> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 1 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species <u>60</u></td> <td>x 2 = <u>120</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species <u>35</u></td> <td>x 3 = <u>105</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species <u>40</u></td> <td>x 4 = <u>160</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 5 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals: <u>135</u> (A)</td> <td><u>385</u> (B)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.85</u></td> </tr> </table>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>	FACW species <u>60</u>	x 2 = <u>120</u>	FAC species <u>35</u>	x 3 = <u>105</u>	FACU species <u>40</u>	x 4 = <u>160</u>	UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>	Column Totals: <u>135</u> (A)	<u>385</u> (B)	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.85</u>	
Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:																			
OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>																			
FACW species <u>60</u>	x 2 = <u>120</u>																			
FAC species <u>35</u>	x 3 = <u>105</u>																			
FACU species <u>40</u>	x 4 = <u>160</u>																			
UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>																			
Column Totals: <u>135</u> (A)	<u>385</u> (B)																			
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.85</u>																				
2. <u>Pinus taeda</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>10</u> = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>5.00</u>		20% of total cover: <u>2.00</u>																		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</u>	<u>50</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u> </u> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation ☒ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <u> </u> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ <u> </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)																
2. <u>Diospyros virginiana</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
3. <u>Ilex decidua</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	<u>FACW</u>																	
4. <u>Ulmus alata</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	<u>FACU</u>																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>65</u> = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>32.50</u>		20% of total cover: <u>13.00</u>																		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Bromus japonicus</u>	<u>30</u>	☒	_____	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height. Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall. Woody Vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.																
2. <u>Solidago altissima</u>	<u>30</u>	☒	<u>FACU</u>																	
3. <u>Agrostis scabra</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
4. <u>Lespedeza cuneata</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	<u>FACU</u>																	
5. <u>Erigeron strigosus</u>	<u>2</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
6. <u>Lobelia spicata</u>	<u>2</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
9. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
10. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
11. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
12. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>74</u> = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>37.00</u>		20% of total cover: <u>14.80</u>																		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>10 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Smilax bona-nox</u>	<u>10</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☒ No _____																
2. <u>Toxicodendron radicans</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>																	
3. <u>Berchemia scandens</u>	<u>1</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>16</u> = Total Cover 20%																				
50% of total cover: <u>8.00</u>		of total cover: <u>3.20</u>																		

Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations below.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: D-09

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0 - 8	7.5YR 4/3	95	7.5YR 4/6	5	C	M	Silty Clay	
8 - 16	7.5YR 4/2	80	7.5YR 4/6	20	C	M	Clay	
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

☐ Histosol (A1)	☐ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)
☐ Histic Epipedon (A2)	☐ Barrier Islands 1 cm Muck (S12)
☐ Black Histic (A3)	(MLRA 153B, 153D)
☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	☐ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR O)
☐ Stratified Layers (A5)	☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
☐ Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)	☒ Depleted Matrix (F3)
☐ 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)	☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6)
☐ Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)	☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)	☐ Redox Depressions (F8)
☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	☐ Marl (F10) (LRR U)
☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12)	☐ Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)	☐ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)
☐ Iron Monosulfide (A18)	☐ Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)
☐ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)	☐ Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)
☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	☐ Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Sandy Redox (S5)	☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)
☐ Stripped Matrix (S6)	☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
☐ Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)	(MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)
☐ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR S, T, U)	☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
	(MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR O)
☐ 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16)
(outside MLRA 150A)
☐ Reduced Vertic (F18)
(outside MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, T)
☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
(MLRA 153B)
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
(outside MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation andwetland hydrology must be present,
unless disturbed or problematic.**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☒ No ☐

Remarks:

VEGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

 Sampling Point: D-10

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status																	
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100.00</u> (A/B)																
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
=Total Cover				Prevalence Index worksheet: <table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">Total % Cover of:</td> <td style="width: 50%;">Multiply by:</td> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL species <u>15</u></td> <td>x 1 = <u>15</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species <u>5</u></td> <td>x 2 = <u>10</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 3 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 4 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 5 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals: <u>20</u> (A)</td> <td><u>25</u> (B)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>1.25</u></td> </tr> </table>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species <u>15</u>	x 1 = <u>15</u>	FACW species <u>5</u>	x 2 = <u>10</u>	FAC species <u>0</u>	x 3 = <u>0</u>	FACU species <u>0</u>	x 4 = <u>0</u>	UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>	Column Totals: <u>20</u> (A)	<u>25</u> (B)	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>1.25</u>	
Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:																			
OBL species <u>15</u>	x 1 = <u>15</u>																			
FACW species <u>5</u>	x 2 = <u>10</u>																			
FAC species <u>0</u>	x 3 = <u>0</u>																			
FACU species <u>0</u>	x 4 = <u>0</u>																			
UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>																			
Column Totals: <u>20</u> (A)	<u>25</u> (B)																			
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>1.25</u>																				
50% of total cover: _____		20% of total cover: _____																		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)																				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: ☒ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation ☒ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% ☒ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)																
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
=Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: _____		20% of total cover: _____																		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>10 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Ludwigia peploides</u>	<u>15</u>	☒	<u>OBL</u>	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height. Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall. Woody Vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.																
2. <u>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
9. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
10. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
11. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
12. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
=Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>10.00</u>		20% of total cover: <u>4.00</u>																		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>15 ft r</u>)																				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☒ No _____																
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
=Total Cover 20%																				
50% of total cover: _____		of total cover: _____																		
Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations below.)																				

SOIL

Sampling Point: D-10

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

☐ Histosol (A1)	☐ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)
☐ Histic Epipedon (A2)	☐ Barrier Islands 1 cm Muck (S12)
☐ Black Histic (A3)	(MLRA 153B, 153D)
☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	☐ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR O)
☐ Stratified Layers (A5)	☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
☐ Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)	☐ Depleted Matrix (F3)
☐ 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)	☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6)
☐ Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)	☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)	☐ Redox Depressions (F8)
☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	☐ Marl (F10) (LRR U)
☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12)	☐ Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)	☐ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)
☐ Iron Monosulfide (A18)	☐ Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)
☐ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)	☐ Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)
☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	☐ Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Sandy Redox (S5)	☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)
☐ Stripped Matrix (S6)	☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
☐ Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)	(MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)
☐ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8)	☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
(LRR S, T, U)	(MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR O)
☐ 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16)
(outside MLRA 150A)
☐ Reduced Vertic (F18)
(outside MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, T)
☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
(MLRA 153B)
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
(outside MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)
☒ Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation andwetland hydrology must be present,
unless disturbed or problematic.**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☒ No ☐

Remarks:

No pit dug due to inundation; soils assumed hydric.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region See ERDC/EL TR-10-20; the proponent agency is CECW-COR	OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 09/30/2027 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)
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Project/Site: EDCCC - CCIC Hwy 67 Site City/County: Clark County Sampling Date: 2026-05-13
Applicant/Owner: Economic Development Corporation of Clark County State: Arkansas Sampling Point: D-11
Investigator(s): Jimmy Rogers Section, Township, Range: S12 T8S R20W
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Flat Local relief (concave, convex, none): None Slope (%): 1
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): P 135B Lat: 34.05126 Long: -93.09717 Datum: WGS 84
Soil Map Unit Name: 28 - Houston clay, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded NWI classification: _____

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation ☒, Soil ☒, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes _____ No ☒
Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No ☒	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No ☒
Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☒ No _____	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No ☒	

Remarks:
Agriculture field.

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> ☐ Surface Water (A1) ☐ Aquatic Fauna (B13) ☐ High Water Table (A2) ☐ Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) ☐ Saturation (A3) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ☐ Water Marks (B1) ☐ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) ☐ Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) ☐ Drift Deposits (B3) ☐ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ☐ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) ☐ Thin Muck Surface (C7) ☐ Iron Deposits (B5) ☐ Other (Explain in Remarks) ☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) ☐ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) ☐ Drainage Patterns (B10) ☐ Moss Trim Lines (B16) ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) ☐ Crayfish Burrows (C8) ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) ☐ Geomorphic Position (D2) ☐ Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☐ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) ☐ Sphagnum Moss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No ☒
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	
Remarks:	

VEGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

 Sampling Point: D-11

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status																	
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>0</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0.00</u> (A/B)																
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
=Total Cover				Prevalence Index worksheet: <table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">Total % Cover of:</td> <td style="width: 50%;">Multiply by:</td> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 1 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 2 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species <u>1</u></td> <td>x 3 = <u>3</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 4 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 5 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals: <u>1</u> (A)</td> <td><u>3</u> (B)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.00</u></td> </tr> </table>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>	FACW species <u>0</u>	x 2 = <u>0</u>	FAC species <u>1</u>	x 3 = <u>3</u>	FACU species <u>0</u>	x 4 = <u>0</u>	UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>	Column Totals: <u>1</u> (A)	<u>3</u> (B)	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.00</u>	
Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:																			
OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>																			
FACW species <u>0</u>	x 2 = <u>0</u>																			
FAC species <u>1</u>	x 3 = <u>3</u>																			
FACU species <u>0</u>	x 4 = <u>0</u>																			
UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>																			
Column Totals: <u>1</u> (A)	<u>3</u> (B)																			
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.00</u>																				
50% of total cover: _____ 20% of total cover: _____																				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)																				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
=Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: _____ 20% of total cover: _____																				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>10 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Glycine max</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>✓</u>	_____	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u> </u> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <u> </u> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <u> </u> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ <u> </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)																
2. <u>Ampelopsis arborea</u>	<u>1</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>																	
3. <u>Rubus sp.</u>	<u>1</u>	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
9. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
10. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
11. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
12. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
=Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>41.00</u> 20% of total cover: <u>16.40</u>																				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)																				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
=Total Cover 20%																				
50% of total cover: _____ of total cover: _____																				
Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations below.)																				

Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata:

Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.

Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.

Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.

Woody Vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No ✓

SOIL

Sampling Point: D-11

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0 - 6	10YR 3/2	97	10YR 5/6	3	C	M	Silty Clay	
6 - 18	10YR 3/2	85	10YR 5/6	15	C	M	Silty Clay	
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

☐ Histosol (A1)	☐ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)
☐ Histic Epipedon (A2)	☐ Barrier Islands 1 cm Muck (S12)
☐ Black Histic (A3)	(MLRA 153B, 153D)
☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	☐ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR O)
☐ Stratified Layers (A5)	☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
☐ Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)	☐ Depleted Matrix (F3)
☐ 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)	☒ Redox Dark Surface (F6)
☐ Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)	☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)	☐ Redox Depressions (F8)
☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	☐ Marl (F10) (LRR U)
☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12)	☐ Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)	☐ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)
☐ Iron Monosulfide (A18)	☐ Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)
☐ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)	☐ Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)
☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	☐ Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Sandy Redox (S5)	☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)
☐ Stripped Matrix (S6)	☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
☐ Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)	(MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)
☐ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR S, T, U)	☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
	(MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR O)
☐ 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16)
(outside MLRA 150A)
☐ Reduced Vertic (F18)
(outside MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, T)
☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
(MLRA 153B)
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
(outside MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation andwetland hydrology must be present,
unless disturbed or problematic.**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☒ No ☐

Remarks:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region See ERDC/EL TR-10-20; the proponent agency is CECW-COR		OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 09/30/2027 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)						
Project/Site: <u>EDCCC - CCIC Hwy 67 Site</u> City/County: <u>Clark County</u> Sampling Date: <u>2026-05-13</u>								
Applicant/Owner: <u>Economic Development Corporation of Clark County</u> State: <u>Arkansas</u> Sampling Point: <u>D-12</u>								
Investigator(s): <u>Jimmy Rogers</u> Section, Township, Range: <u>S12 T8S R20W</u>								
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): <u>Drainageway</u> Local relief (concave, convex, none): <u>None</u> Slope (%): <u>1</u>								
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): <u>P 135B</u> Lat: <u>34.05137</u> Long: <u>-93.09640</u> Datum: <u>WGS 84</u>								
Soil Map Unit Name: <u>28 - Houston clay, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded</u> NWI classification: _____								
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)								
Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐								
Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)								
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.								
<table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 40%;"> Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ </td> <td style="width: 60%;"> Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ☒ No ☐ </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="height: 100px; vertical-align: top;"> Remarks: </td> </tr> </table>			Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☒ No ☐	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ☒ No ☐	Remarks:			
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Remarks:								
HYDROLOGY								
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<table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 55%;"> Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Depth (inches): <u>0-1</u> Water Table Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Depth (inches): <u>4</u> Saturation Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Depth (inches): <u>0</u> (includes capillary fringe) </td> <td style="width: 45%; text-align: center;"> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="height: 100px; vertical-align: top;"> Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="height: 100px; vertical-align: top;"> Remarks: </td> </tr> </table>			Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Depth (inches): <u>0-1</u> Water Table Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Depth (inches): <u>4</u> Saturation Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Depth (inches): <u>0</u> (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☒ No ☐	Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:		Remarks:	
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Depth (inches): <u>0-1</u> Water Table Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Depth (inches): <u>4</u> Saturation Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Depth (inches): <u>0</u> (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☒ No ☐							
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:								
Remarks:								

VEGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

 Sampling Point: D-12

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>20 ft r</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status																	
1. <u>Salix nigra</u>	<u>10</u>	☒	<u>OBL</u>	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>5</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>5</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100.00</u> (A/B)																
2. <u>Diospyros virginiana</u>	<u>3</u>		<u>FAC</u>																	
3. <u>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</u>	<u>3</u>		<u>FACW</u>																	
4. _____	_____		_____																	
5. _____	_____		_____																	
6. _____	_____		_____																	
7. _____	_____		_____																	
8. _____	_____		_____																	
		<u>16</u>	=Total Cover																	
50% of total cover: <u>8.00</u>		20% of total cover: <u>3.20</u>																		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>20 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Cephalanthus occidentalis</u>	<u>15</u>	☒	<u>OBL</u>	Prevalence Index worksheet: <table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">Total % Cover of:</td> <td style="width: 50%;">Multiply by:</td> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL species <u>30</u></td> <td>x 1 = <u>30</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species <u>18</u></td> <td>x 2 = <u>36</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species <u>41</u></td> <td>x 3 = <u>123</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species <u>3</u></td> <td>x 4 = <u>12</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 5 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals: <u>92</u> (A)</td> <td><u>201</u> (B)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.18</u></td> </tr> </table>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species <u>30</u>	x 1 = <u>30</u>	FACW species <u>18</u>	x 2 = <u>36</u>	FAC species <u>41</u>	x 3 = <u>123</u>	FACU species <u>3</u>	x 4 = <u>12</u>	UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>	Column Totals: <u>92</u> (A)	<u>201</u> (B)	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.18</u>	
Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:																			
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FACW species <u>18</u>	x 2 = <u>36</u>																			
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UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>																			
Column Totals: <u>92</u> (A)	<u>201</u> (B)																			
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.18</u>																				
2. <u>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</u>	<u>15</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>																	
3. <u>Diospyros virginiana</u>	<u>3</u>		<u>FAC</u>																	
4. _____	_____		_____																	
5. _____	_____		_____																	
6. _____	_____		_____																	
7. _____	_____		_____																	
8. _____	_____		_____																	
		<u>33</u>	=Total Cover																	
50% of total cover: <u>16.50</u>		20% of total cover: <u>6.60</u>																		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>10 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Ambrosia trifida</u>	<u>30</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u> </u> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation ☒ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% ☒ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ <u> </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)																
2. <u>Symphyotrichum sp.</u>	<u>20</u>	☒																		
3. <u>Glyceria striata</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>OBL</u>																	
4. <u>Galium aparine</u>	<u>3</u>		<u>FACU</u>																	
5. _____	_____		_____																	
6. _____	_____		_____																	
7. _____	_____		_____																	
8. _____	_____		_____																	
9. _____	_____		_____																	
10. _____	_____		_____																	
11. _____	_____		_____																	
12. _____	_____		_____																	
		<u>58</u>	=Total Cover																	
50% of total cover: <u>29.00</u>		20% of total cover: <u>11.60</u>																		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>10 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Ampelopsis arborea</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>	Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height. Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall. Woody Vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.																
2. _____	_____		_____																	
3. _____	_____		_____																	
4. _____	_____		_____																	
5. _____	_____		_____																	
		<u>5</u>	=Total Cover 20%																	
50% of total cover: <u>2.50</u>		of total cover: <u>1.00</u>																		

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?
 Yes ☒ No ☐

Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations below.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: D-12

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0 - 16	10YR 4/1	95	10YR 4/6	10	C	M	Silty Clay	
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								
-								

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

☐ Histosol (A1)	☐ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)
☐ Histic Epipedon (A2)	☐ Barrier Islands 1 cm Muck (S12)
☐ Black Histic (A3)	(MLRA 153B, 153D)
☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	☐ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR O)
☐ Stratified Layers (A5)	☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
☐ Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)	☒ Depleted Matrix (F3)
☐ 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)	☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6)
☐ Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)	☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)	☐ Redox Depressions (F8)
☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	☐ Marl (F10) (LRR U)
☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12)	☐ Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)	☐ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)
☐ Iron Monosulfide (A18)	☐ Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)
☐ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)	☐ Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)
☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	☐ Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Sandy Redox (S5)	☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)
☐ Stripped Matrix (S6)	☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
☐ Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)	(MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)
☐ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8)	☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
(LRR S, T, U)	(MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR O)
☐ 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16)
(outside MLRA 150A)
☐ Reduced Vertic (F18)
(outside MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, T)
☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20)
(MLRA 153B)
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
(outside MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation andwetland hydrology must be present,
unless disturbed or problematic.**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☒ No ☐

Remarks:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region See ERDC/EL TR-10-20; the proponent agency is CECW-COR		OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 09/30/2027 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)						
Project/Site: <u>EDCCC - CCIC Hwy 67 Site</u> City/County: <u>Clark County</u> Sampling Date: <u>2026-05-15</u>								
Applicant/Owner: <u>Economic Development Corporation of Clark County</u> State: <u>Arkansas</u> Sampling Point: <u>D-13</u>								
Investigator(s): <u>Jimmy Rogers</u> Section, Township, Range: <u>S12 T8S R20W</u>								
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): <u>Terrace</u> Local relief (concave, convex, none): <u>None</u> Slope (%): <u>1</u>								
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): <u>P 135B</u> Lat: <u>34.05241</u> Long: <u>-93.09854</u> Datum: <u>WGS 84</u>								
Soil Map Unit Name: <u>82 - Terouge silty clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes</u> NWI classification: _____								
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)								
Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐								
Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)								
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.								
<table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 40%;"> Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ </td> <td style="width: 60%;"> Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ☐ No ☒ </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="height: 100px; vertical-align: top;"> Remarks: </td> </tr> </table>			Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☐ No ☒	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ☐ No ☒	Remarks:			
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☐ No ☒	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ☐ No ☒							
Remarks:								
HYDROLOGY								
<table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 60%;"> Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> _____ Surface Water (A1) _____ Aquatic Fauna (B13) _____ High Water Table (A2) _____ Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) _____ Saturation (A3) _____ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) _____ Water Marks (B1) _____ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) _____ Sediment Deposits (B2) _____ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) _____ Drift Deposits (B3) _____ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) _____ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) _____ Thin Muck Surface (C7) _____ Iron Deposits (B5) _____ Other (Explain in Remarks) _____ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) _____ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) </td> <td style="width: 40%;"> <u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> _____ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) _____ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) _____ Drainage Patterns (B10) _____ Moss Trim Lines (B16) _____ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) _____ Crayfish Burrows (C8) _____ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) _____ Geomorphic Position (D2) _____ Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☒ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) _____ Sphagnum Moss (D8) (LRR T, U) </td> </tr> </table>			Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> _____ Surface Water (A1) _____ Aquatic Fauna (B13) _____ High Water Table (A2) _____ Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) _____ Saturation (A3) _____ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) _____ Water Marks (B1) _____ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) _____ Sediment Deposits (B2) _____ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) _____ Drift Deposits (B3) _____ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) _____ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) _____ Thin Muck Surface (C7) _____ Iron Deposits (B5) _____ Other (Explain in Remarks) _____ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) _____ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> _____ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) _____ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) _____ Drainage Patterns (B10) _____ Moss Trim Lines (B16) _____ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) _____ Crayfish Burrows (C8) _____ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) _____ Geomorphic Position (D2) _____ Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☒ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) _____ Sphagnum Moss (D8) (LRR T, U)				
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<table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;"> Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe) </td> <td style="width: 50%;"> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No ☒ </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="height: 100px; vertical-align: top;"> Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="height: 100px; vertical-align: top;"> Remarks: </td> </tr> </table>			Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No ☒	Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:		Remarks:	
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes _____ No ☒ Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No ☒							
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:								
Remarks:								

VEGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

 Sampling Point: D-13

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status																	
1. <u>Celtis laevigata</u>	<u>25</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>5</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>7</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>71.42</u> (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: <table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">Total % Cover of:</td> <td style="width: 50%;">Multiply by:</td> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 1 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species <u>46</u></td> <td>x 2 = <u>92</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species <u>39</u></td> <td>x 3 = <u>117</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species <u>30</u></td> <td>x 4 = <u>120</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 5 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals: <u>115</u> (A)</td> <td><u>329</u> (B)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.86</u></td> </tr> </table>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>	FACW species <u>46</u>	x 2 = <u>92</u>	FAC species <u>39</u>	x 3 = <u>117</u>	FACU species <u>30</u>	x 4 = <u>120</u>	UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>	Column Totals: <u>115</u> (A)	<u>329</u> (B)	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.86</u>	
Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:																			
OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>																			
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FACU species <u>30</u>	x 4 = <u>120</u>																			
UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>																			
Column Totals: <u>115</u> (A)	<u>329</u> (B)																			
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.86</u>																				
2. <u>Pinus taeda</u>	<u>10</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>																	
3. <u>Ulmus americana</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>FAC</u>																	
4. <u>Diospyros virginiana</u>	<u>3</u>		<u>FAC</u>																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>43</u> = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>21.50</u>		20% of total cover: <u>8.60</u>																		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Ligustrum sinense</u>	<u>10</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>1</u> - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation ☒ <u>2</u> - Dominance Test is >50% <u>3</u> - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)																
2. <u>Diospyros virginiana</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FAC</u>																	
3. <u>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</u>	<u>3</u>		<u>FACW</u>																	
4. <u>Ilex decidua</u>	<u>1</u>		<u>FACW</u>																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>19</u> = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>9.50</u>		20% of total cover: <u>3.80</u>																		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Carex cherokeensis</u>	<u>15</u>	☒	<u>FACW</u>	Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height. Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall. Woody Vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☒ No _____																
2. <u>Sanicula canadensis</u>	<u>5</u>	☒	<u>FACU</u>																	
3. <u>unidentified grass</u>	<u>3</u>																			
4. <u>Elymus virginicus</u>	<u>3</u>		<u>FAC</u>																	
5. <u>Allium sp.</u>	<u>2</u>																			
6. <u>Boehmeria cylindrica</u>	<u>2</u>		<u>FACW</u>																	
7. <u>Solidago sp.</u>	<u>2</u>																			
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
9. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
10. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
11. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
12. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>32</u> = Total Cover																				
50% of total cover: <u>16.00</u>		20% of total cover: <u>6.40</u>																		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>15 ft r</u>)																				
1. <u>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</u>	<u>20</u>	☒	<u>FACU</u>																	
2. <u>Lonicera japonica</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>FACU</u>																	
3. <u>Toxicodendron radicans</u>	<u>3</u>		<u>FAC</u>																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
<u>28</u> = Total Cover 20%																				
50% of total cover: <u>14.00</u>		of total cover: <u>5.60</u>																		

Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations below.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: D-13

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)								
Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0 - 4	7.5YR 3/2	100					Silty Clay	
4 - 12	7.5YR 3/3	100					Silty Clay	
12 - 16	7.5YR 4/2	100					Clay	
-								
-								
-								
-								

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.
²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
☐ Histosol (A1) ☐ Histic Epipedon (A2) ☐ Black Histic (A3) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) ☐ Stratified Layers (A5) ☐ Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U) ☐ 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U) ☐ Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U) ☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T) ☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) ☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12) ☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A) ☐ Iron Monosulfide (A18) ☐ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S) ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) ☐ Sandy Redox (S5) ☐ Stripped Matrix (S6) ☐ Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U) ☐ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR S, T, U)	☐ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U) ☐ Barrier Islands 1 cm Muck (S12) (MLRA 153B, 153D) ☐ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR O) ☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) ☐ Depleted Matrix (F3) ☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6) ☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7) ☐ Redox Depressions (F8) ☐ Marl (F10) (LRR U) ☐ Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151) ☐ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T) ☐ Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U) ☐ Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151) ☐ Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B) ☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A) ☐ Anomalous Bright Floodplain Soils (F20) (MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D) ☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22) (MLRA 138, 152A in FL, 154)

Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No ☒

Remarks:

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Attachment B

Representative Photos



Photo 1: Overview of project area (looking south from north) (UAS image).



Photo 2: Overview of project area (looking north from south) (UAS image).



Photo 3: Row-crop agricultural upland community (D-01, looking south)



Photo 4: Row-crop agricultural upland community (D-11, looking west)



Photo 5: Mid-successional non-wetland community (D-04, looking east)



Photo 6: Mid-successional non-wetland community (D-09, looking east)



Photo 7: Bottomland forested non-wetland community (D-02, looking south)



Photo 8: Forested drainageway wetland (WET-HWY67-A)



Photo 9: Former pond wetland (WET-HWY67-B)



Photo 10: Bottomland forested/shrub/open-water wetland (WET-HWY67-C1, north)



Photo 11: Bottomland forested/shrub/open-water wetland (WET-HWY67-C1, D-08)



Photo 12: Bottomland forested/shrub/open-water wetland (WET-HWY67-C1, looking west)



Photo 13: Bottomland forested/shrub/open-water wetland (WET-HWY67-C1, D-12)



Photo 14: Row-crop agricultural field wetland (WET-HWY67-C2, D-10, looking east)



Photo 15: Forested drainageway wetland (WET-HWY67-D)



Photo 16: Ephemeral channel - EPH-HWY67-1



Photo 17: Intermittent channel - INT-HWY67-1



Photo 18: Intermittent channel - INT-HWY67-2



Photo 19: Relatively Permanent Water channel – RPW-HWY67-1



Photo 20: Relatively Permanent Water channel – RPW-HWY67-2

Attachment C

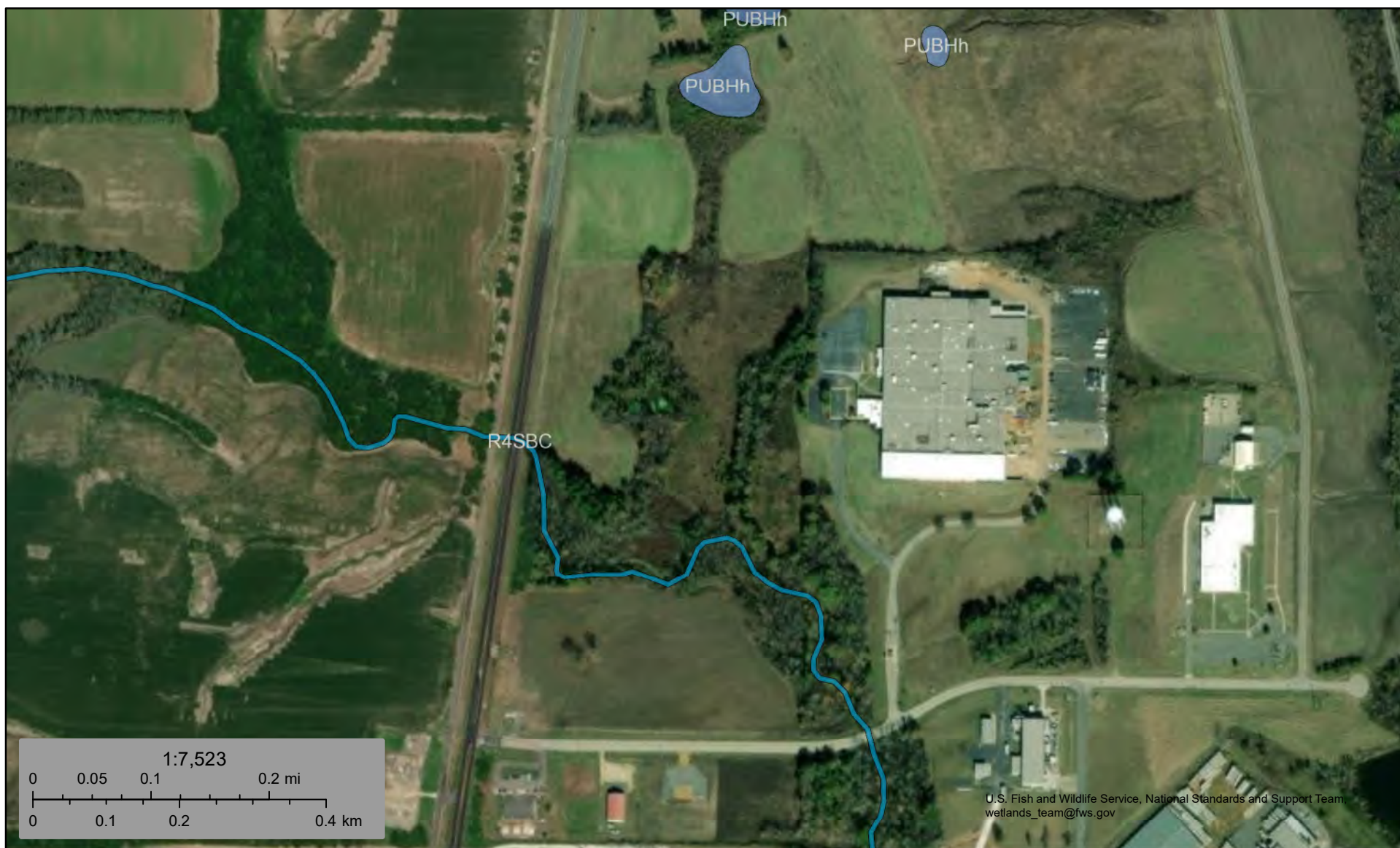
Reference Maps



U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

National Wetlands Inventory

CCIC HWY 67 Site



U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, National Standards and Support Team,
wetlands_team@fws.gov

February 2, 2026

Wetlands

	Estuarine and Marine Deepwater		Freshwater Emergent Wetland		Lake
	Estuarine and Marine Wetland		Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland		Other
			Freshwater Pond		Riverine

This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

Soil Map—Clark County, Arkansas



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

 Soil Map Unit Polygons

 Soil Map Unit Lines

 Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features



Blowout



Borrow Pit



Clay Spot



Closed Depression



Gravel Pit



Gravelly Spot



Landfill



Lava Flow



Marsh or swamp



Mine or Quarry



Miscellaneous Water



Perennial Water



Rock Outcrop



Saline Spot



Sandy Spot



Severely Eroded Spot



Sinkhole



Slide or Slip



Sodic Spot



Spoil Area



Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot



Other



Special Line Features

Water Features



Streams and Canals

Transportation



Rails



Interstate Highways



US Routes



Major Roads



Local Roads

Background



Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Clark County, Arkansas

Survey Area Data: Version 7, Sep 10, 2025

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jan 22, 2023—Feb 17, 2023

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

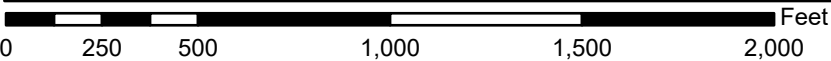
Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
28	Houston clay, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded	32.6	68.1%
82	Terouge silty clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes	14.1	29.5%
98	Water	1.2	2.4%
Totals for Area of Interest		47.8	100.0%

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMMette



93°6'10"W 34°3'25"N



1:6,000

93°5'32"W 34°2'55"N

Basemap Imagery Source: USGS National Map 2023

Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS		Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) Zone A, V, A99
		With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR
		Regulatory Floodway
OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD		0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X
		Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Zone X
		Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee. See Notes. Zone X
		Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D
OTHER AREAS		NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X
		Effective LOMRs
		Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D
GENERAL STRUCTURES		Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer
		Levee, Dike, or Floodwall
OTHER FEATURES		20.2 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Elevation
		17.5 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Elevation
		Coastal Transect
		Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE)
		Limit of Study
		Jurisdiction Boundary
		Coastal Transect Baseline
		Profile Baseline
MAP PANELS		Digital Data Available
		No Digital Data Available
		Unmapped



The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on **2/2/2026 at 2:45 PM** and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.